





- No-tilling for 30 years
- 1/2 dryland 1/2 irrigated
- Corn Beans Cereal rotation
- Added rye, triticale, oats, barley, vetch, sunflowers, buckwheat





- Cover crops for 14 years
- Green Cover Seed started in 2009





# LIVING SOIL THE SERIES

"Not only for our generation but for future generations."

- Kith Birms, Notrando Framer

#### LIVING SOIL

THE SOIL HEALTH INSTITUTE PRESENTS LIVING SOIL A DOCUMENTARY FILM BY TINY ATTIC PRODUCTIONS, LLC

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A DOCUMENTARY SHOWCASING INNOVATIVE FARMERS WHO ENRICH THEIR SOILS TO ENHANCE LIFE ON EARTH.

SPECIAL THANKS TO

THE BERNS FAMILY THE DESUTTER FAMILY

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

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#### 7 Keys To A Healthy Economy

- Supply (Producers/Sellers)
- Demand (Consumers/Buyers)
- Currency
- Capital
- Energy and Resources
- Infrastructure
  - Defense and Protection

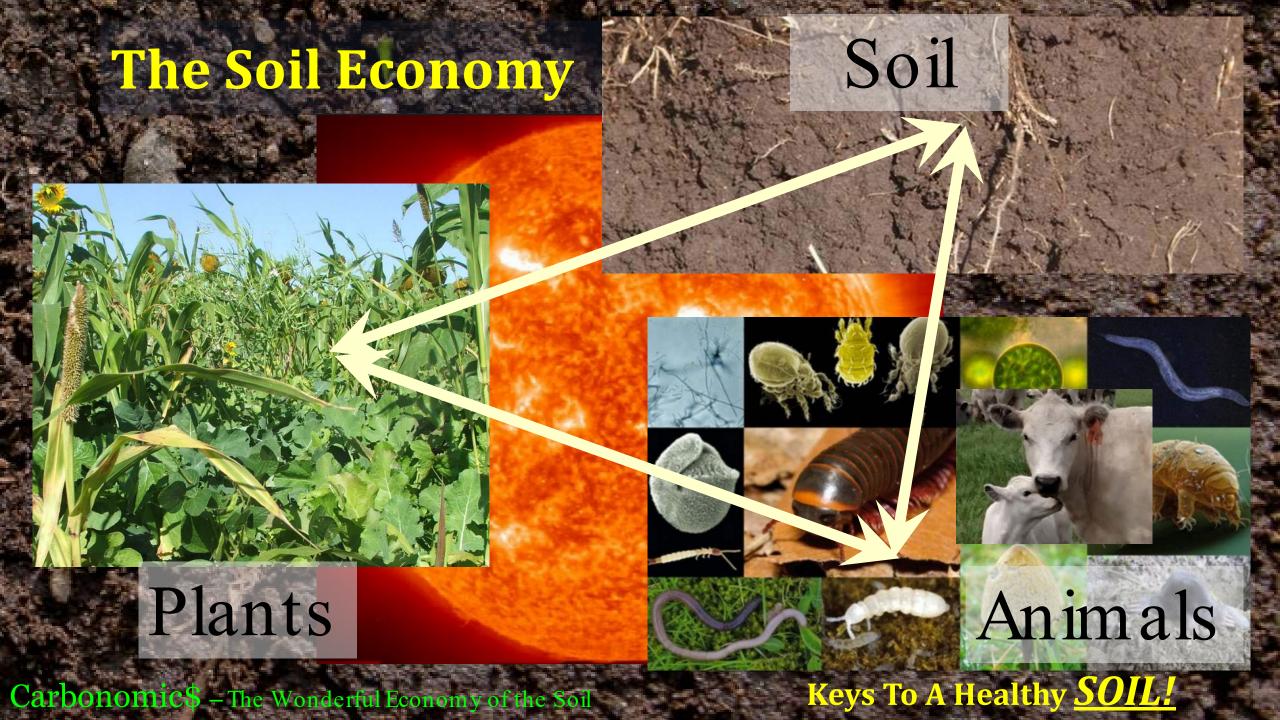


## 7 Keys To A Healthy SOLL!

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- Demand (Consumers/Buyers)
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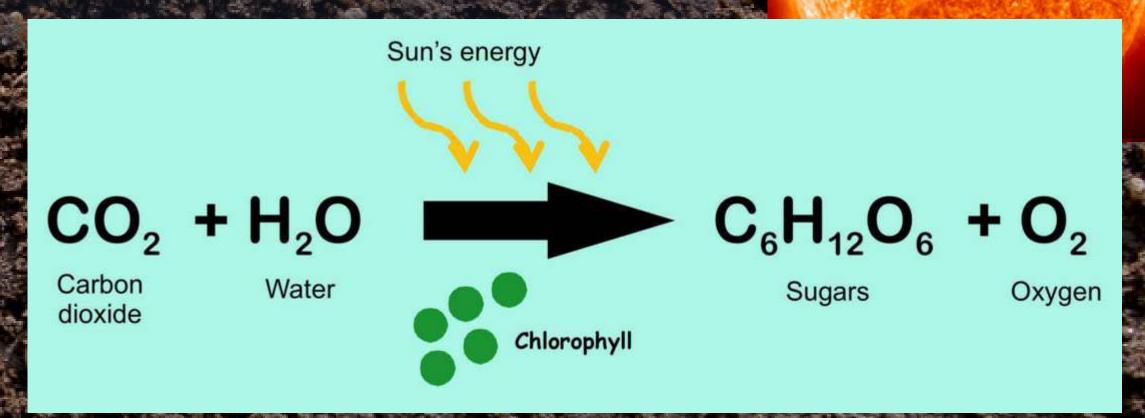






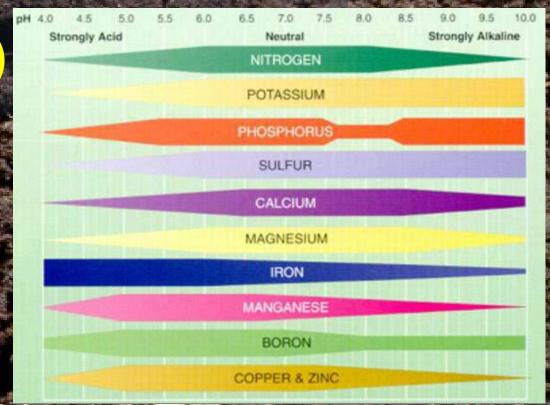
## Supply (Producers/Sellers)

Plants – Producing Carbon



#### Supply (Producers/Sellers)

- Soil Provides
  Nutrients (Minerals)
- Soil ProvidesHabitat for Rootsand Biology
- Soil ProvidesWater storage





# Supply (Producers/Sellers)

- Soil Biota Producing Nutrients (Fixation) (Cycling) Availability)
- Soil Biota Providing
   Defense and Protection



# Demand (Consumers/Buyers) Plants – Need Nutrients and Water Plants – Need Services (Protection, Support, etc...) Keys To A Healthy SOIL! ${f DONOMic}$ – The Wonderful Economy of the Soi





#### Producers - (Sellers) Consumers (Buyers)

• In a strong human economy, one of the leading indicators is low unemployment rate, where most people are both consumers AND producers and are actively engaged in making a contribution to the

system.



#### Producers - (Sellers) Consumers (Buyers)

- The soil economy is strongest when plants, soil, and animals are ALL producing and consuming.
- Diversity is very important.



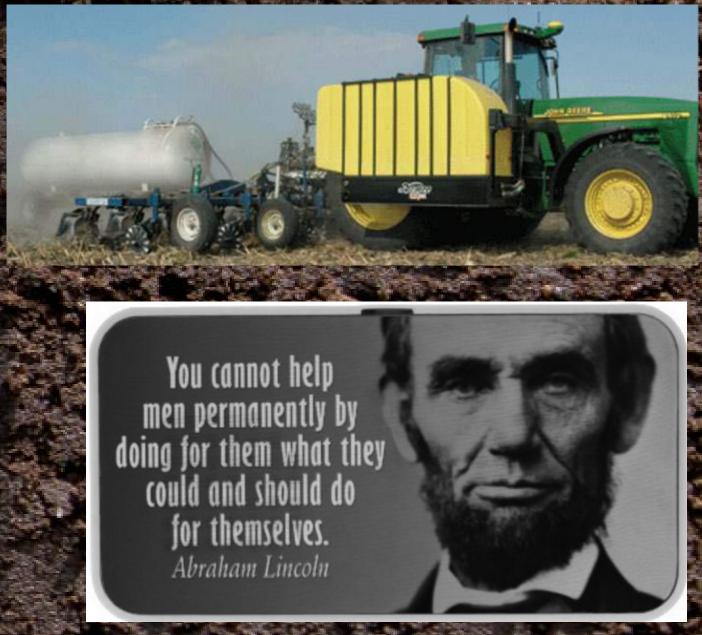
#### Agricultural Welfare

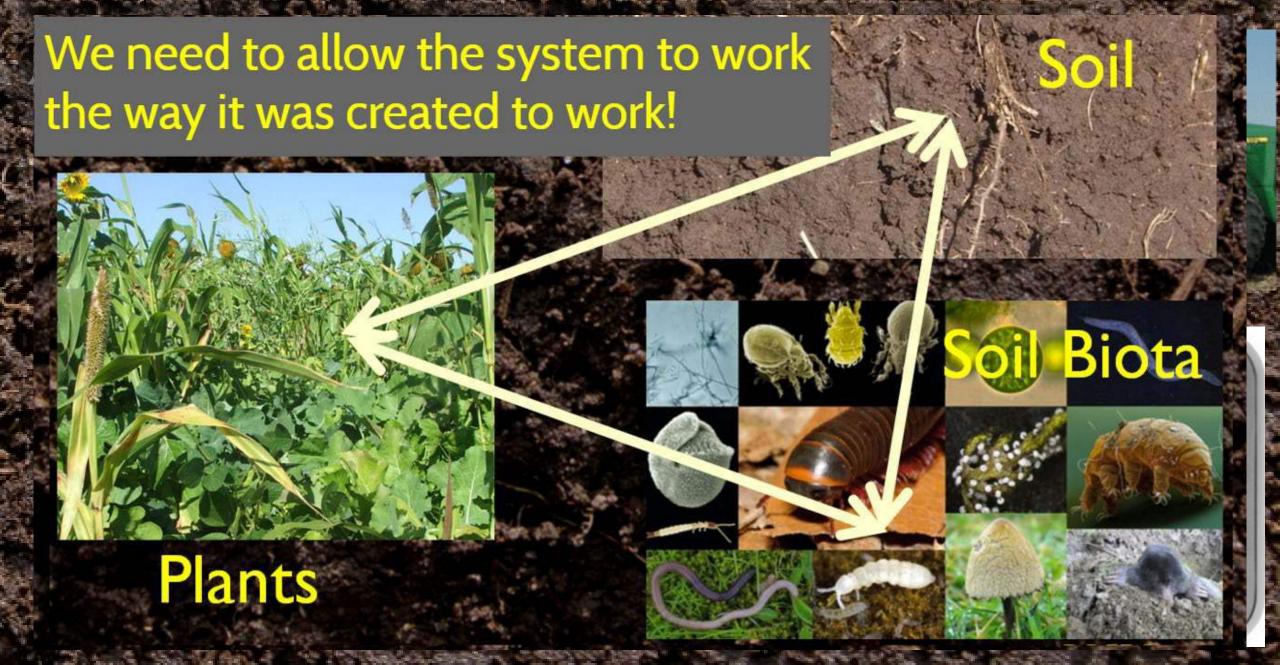
- When we externally provide the plant with everything that it needs from the outside, we weaken the economy.
  - Fertility inputs
  - Crop protection inputs



#### Agricultural Welfare

- When we externally provide the plant with everything that it needs from the outside, we weaken the economy.
  - Fertility inputs
  - Crop protection inputs





#### Currency

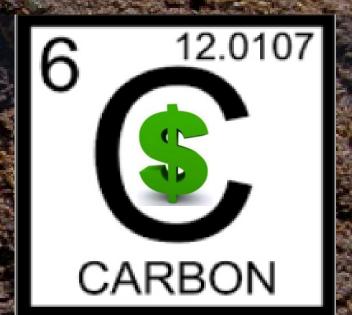
 Currency is important because it allows goods and services to be exchanged more efficiently

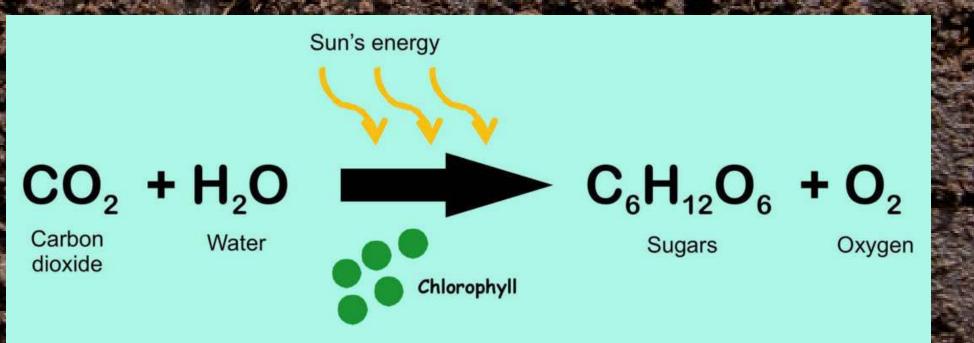




#### Currency

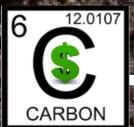
In the plant economy, the currency is Carbon





 Currency (carbon) is important because it allows goods and services to be exchanged more efficiently with the soil economy.





**Carbon Payments** 

**Root Exudates** 

**Plant Services** 

Sourcing, Delivery, Protection



#### Importance of Carbon

- Carbon is essential to all life
- People are 19% carbon
- Carbon can form over 10 million compounds
- Carbon is the most important but most overlooked fall plant nutrients
  - Carbon is the main food source for soil biology

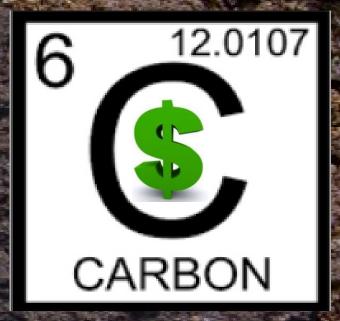


### Increased Soil CarborCurency

- Normalizes soil pH
  - Increases CEC
  - Increases availability of P, Ca, K, S, Zn, Fe, Mo, B
  - Reduces availability of Na and Al



- Carbon can be:
  - collected (photosynthesis)
  - spent (traded to soil organisms)
  - saved(soil organic matter)
  - desireddesire



- Carbon has different states
  - Gas-CO<sub>2</sub>



Liquid—in plants and soils



Solid – in living organisms
 and Organic Matter





Carbon has different states

• Gas-CO<sub>2</sub>



Liquid – in plants and soils

Solid – in living organ and Organic Matter



12.010



ms

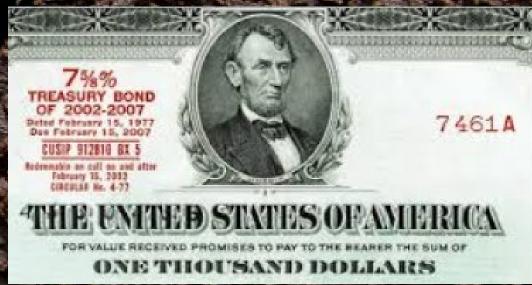
#### Capital

- Accumulated (stored or saved) currency
- Needed for Growth and Stability



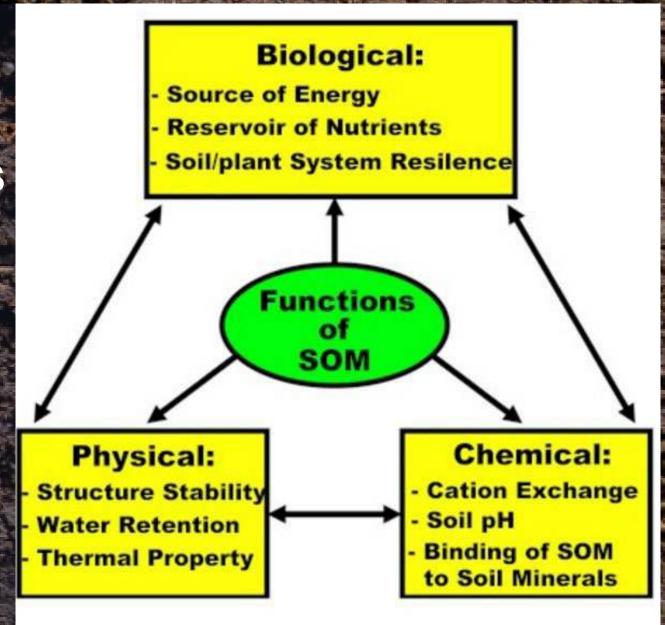






#### Soil Carbon Capital

- Organic Matter and Humus
- Accumulated (stored or saved) carbon currency
- Needed for Growth and Stability





#### **Benefits of Soil Organic Matter**

Jennifer Moore-Kucera NRCS Linking Soil Biology To Soil Health

Food & habitat for soil organisms

Increased microbial activity, decomposition, mineralization

Increased microbial biomass, competition & antagonism against plant pests

Increased infiltration and water-holding capacity

Increased CEC & adsorption of organic compounds



Protect surface from solar energy and raindrops

Buffers temperature extremes

Increased supply of micro- and macro-nutrients

Increased aggregate stability, macroporosity



# Capital Rich Economies

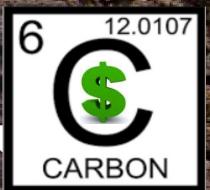
- Productive
- Stable
- Resilient
- Efficient

#### High Organic Matter Soils

- Productive
- Stable
- Resilient
- Efficient

#### Carbon Capital

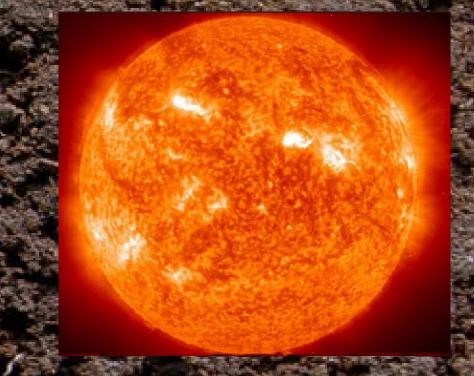
Capital (Savings) can't be increased without an excess of cash income

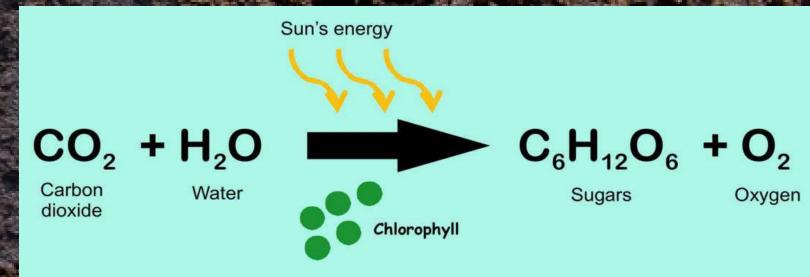


Soil Organic Matter can't be increased without an excess of soil carbon currency

Soil Carbon can't be increased in most rotations without the use of cover crops

 Plant economy energy comes from the sun

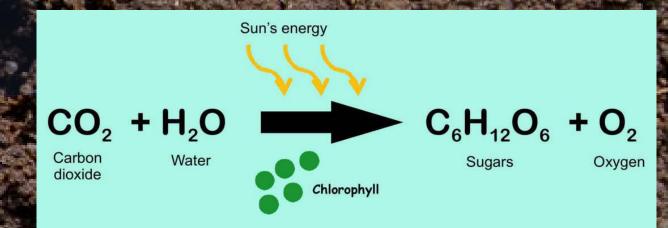




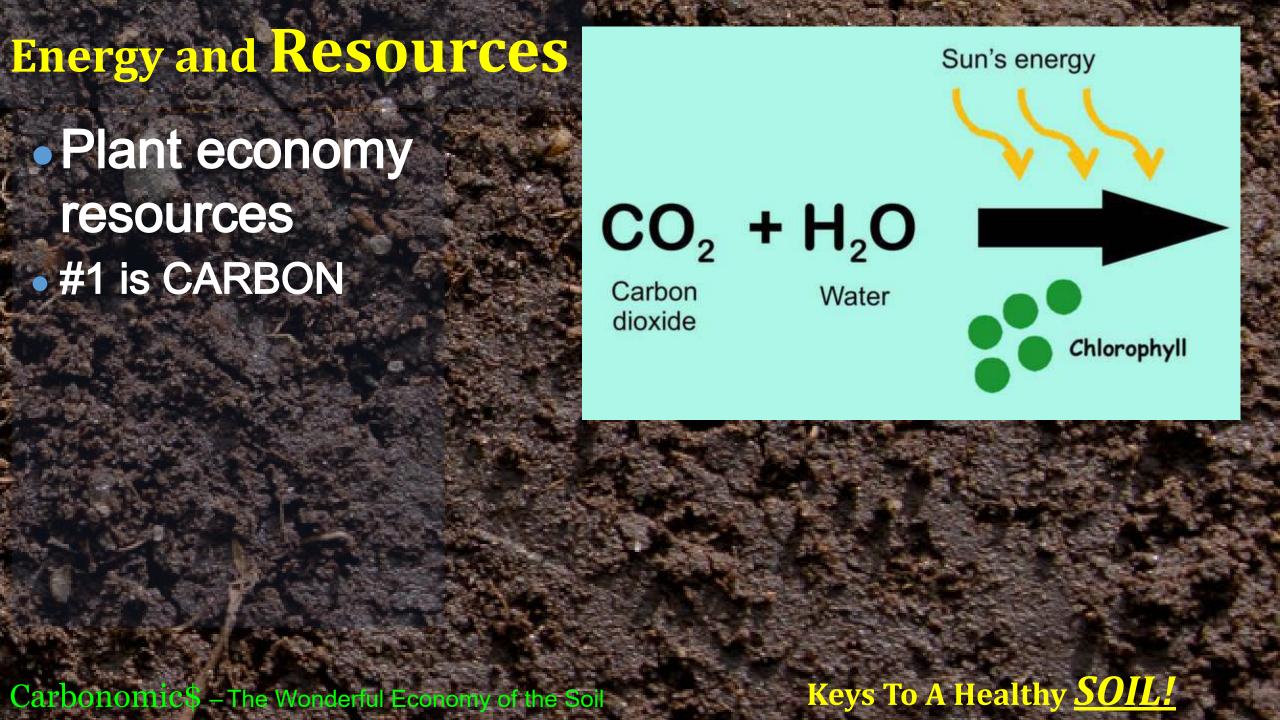
- Plant economy energy comes from the sun
- Plant solar collectors (seeds) are MUCH cheaper and easier to install than man-made solar panels!



- Plant economy energy comes from the sun
- Plant solar collectors (seeds) are MUCH cheaper tharman-made solar panels!
- A healthy soil economy should not need significant purchased energy inputs







- Plant economy resources
- #1 is CARBON
- #2 is NITROGEN

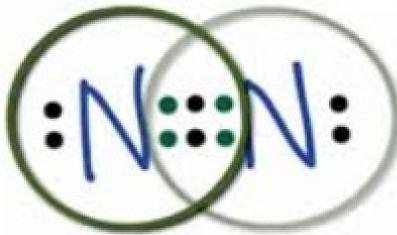
### Atmospheric composition

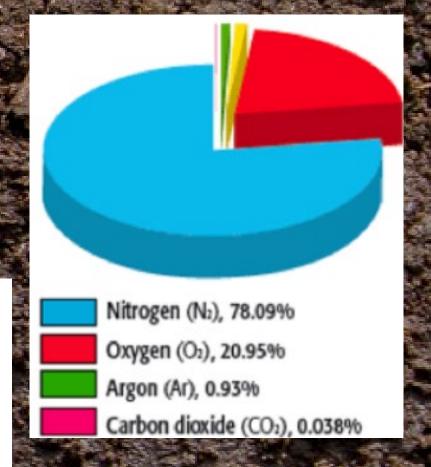


- Nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>), 78.09%
- Oxygen (O2), 20.95%
- Argon (Ar), 0.93%
  - Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), 0.038%

- Plant economy resources
- #1 is CARBON
- #2 is NITROGEN



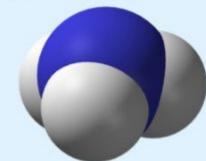


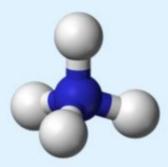


 Nitrogen gets "fixed" or made plant available when combined with hydrogen or oxygen



•  $N_2$  +  $3H_2 \rightarrow NH_3 \rightarrow \text{(dissolves)} \rightarrow NH_{4+}$  (ammonia) (ammonium)

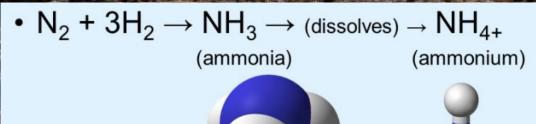




 Nitrogen gets "fixed" or made plant available when combined with hydrogen or

Very energy intensive process

oxygen







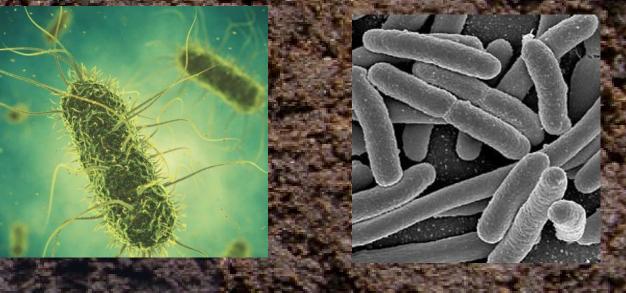


# Nitrogen Factories Azosprillium Azotobacter Not limited to legumes Keys To A Healthy **SOIL!**

 ${
m Carbonomic}\$$  – The Wonderful Economy of the Soil

## Nitrogen Factories

- Azosprillium
- Azotobacter
- Rhizobia
- Must associate with a plant
- "Trade" nitrogen to the plant for carbon
- Will not happen if excess
   N is in the soil





- Plant economy resources
- #1 is CARBON
- #2 is NITROGEN
- Other mineral resources

#### THE 16 ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS REQUIRED FOR PLANT LIFE

Generally available to plants in sufficient quantities through air, soil, and water

Available mostly through fertilizers

Available through soil but usually not through fertilizers

#### **BASIC NUTRIENTS**







Elemental Classifications

Color-Coding Key:

NONMETAL

ALKALI METAL

ALKALINE EARTH METAL

TRANSITION

METALS

PRIMARY MACRONUTRIENTS







PHOSPHORUS POTASSIUM

#### SECONDARY MACRONUTRIENTS







MICRONUTRIENTS















Keys To A Healthy SOIL!

- Plant economy resources
- #1 is CARBON
- #2 is NITROGEN
- Other mineral resources
- Employ tiny
   miners to extract
   the nutrients from the soil.

**Keys To A Healthy SOIL!** 

### Mycorrhizal Fungi run the Largest Mining Operation in the World

Up to 85% of plants depend on fungi to survive. Plants and fungi depend on each other for nutrient cycling and water absorption



Photo: Amanita gemmata by Courtney Celley: US Fish & Wildlife Service

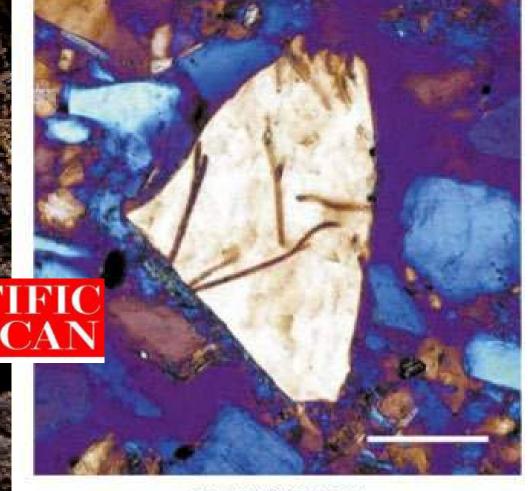


Image: Landeveert 2001

Thin-section micrograph of a tunneled feldspar Scale bar = 100 micrometers

# Arbuscular Mycorrhizal Fungi



### Mineral Resources

 Mycorrhizal fungi mine the soils not only for the basic nutrients like nitrogen, phosphoruætc, but also those hard to come by trace element\$Zinc, Copper, Manganeseetc) which plants need for strong immune system health and survival.... Oddly enough many soils are rich in important nutrients, but they are often locked up in a physical form which makes them unavailable to most plants.

(Source: Scientific American Jennifer Frazer)

# infrastructure

noun | in·fra·struc·ture | \'in-frə-ˌstrək-chər, -(ˌ)frä-\

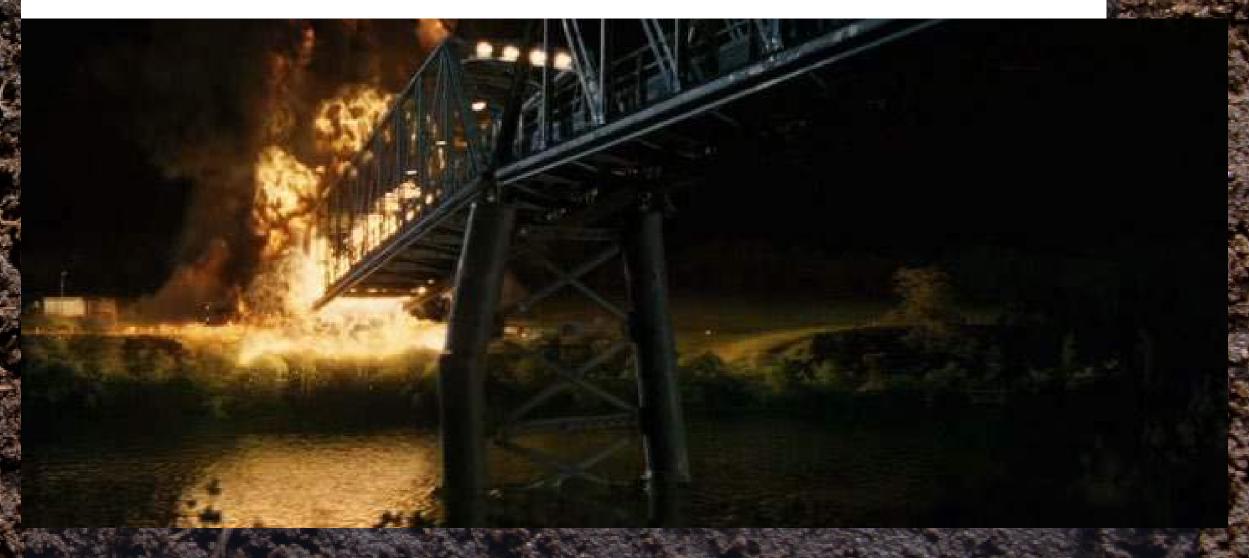
#### Simple Definition of INFRASTRUCTURE

Popularity: Top 20% of words

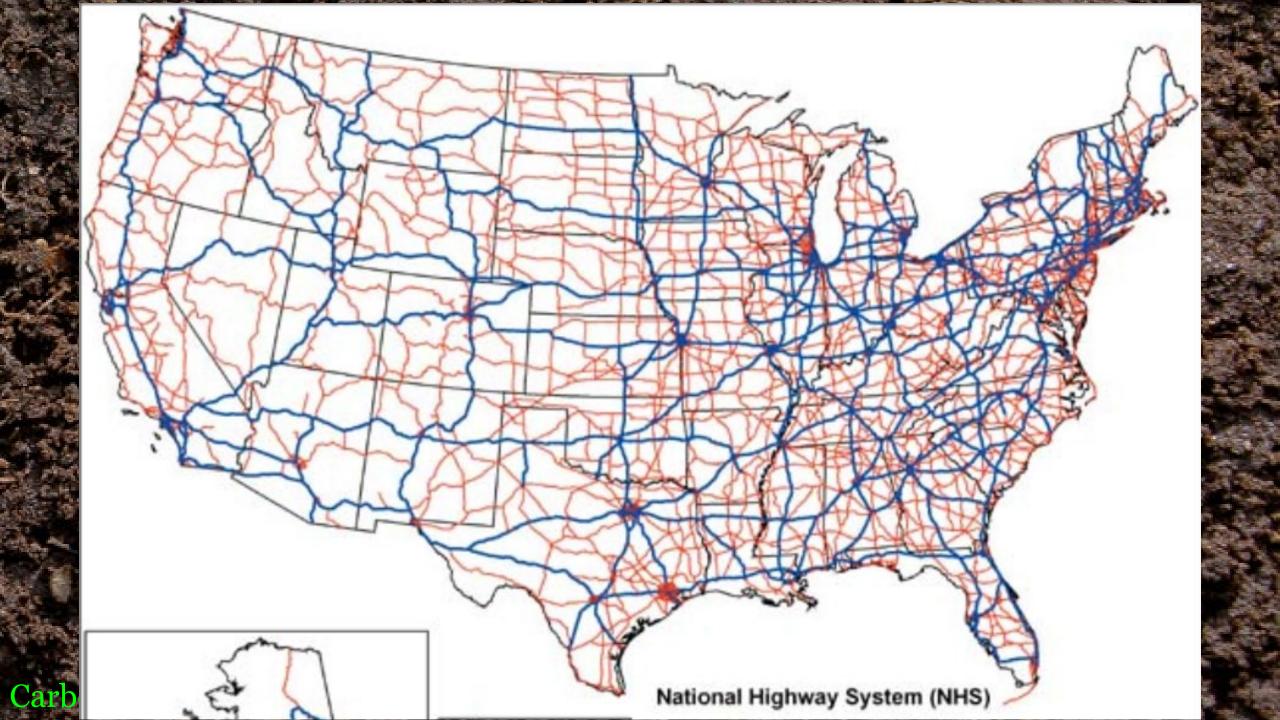
: the basic equipment and structures (such as roads and bridges) that are needed for a country, region, or organization to function properly

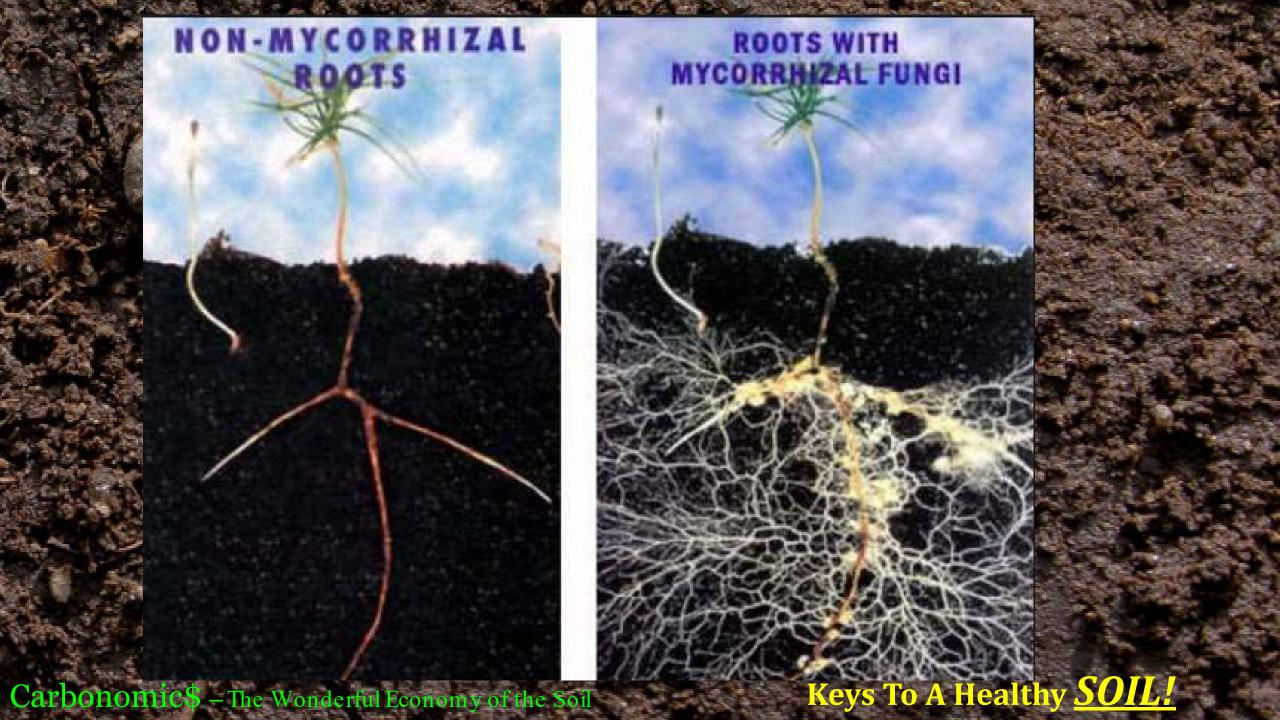
- Transportation
- Communication
- Economies will be severely crippled or limited when these are lacking or disrupted (war strategies)

# infrastructure









## Mycorrhizal fungi transports:

- Phosphorus one of the hardest to access
- Nitrogen, Potassium,
  Calcium, Magnesium, Iron
- Zinc, Boron, Manganese and Copper.
- In dry times they help transport and supply water.



# Transportation Infrastructure

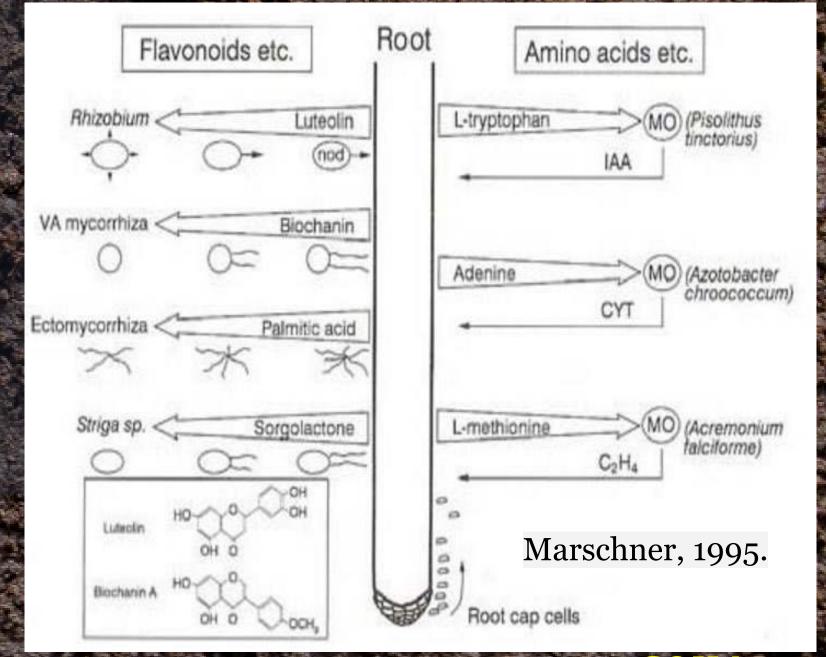
Earth worms help transport:

- Water
- Oxygen
- Surface carbon (residue)
- Other biota



# Communication Infrastructure

Plants use liquid carbon root exudates to communicate to soil biota what they need



# Communication Infrastructure

Plants use liquid carbon root exudates to communicate to soil biota what they need

# Carbon Compounds

- Carbohydrates
- Sugars
- Proteins
- Fats
- Lipids
- Oils

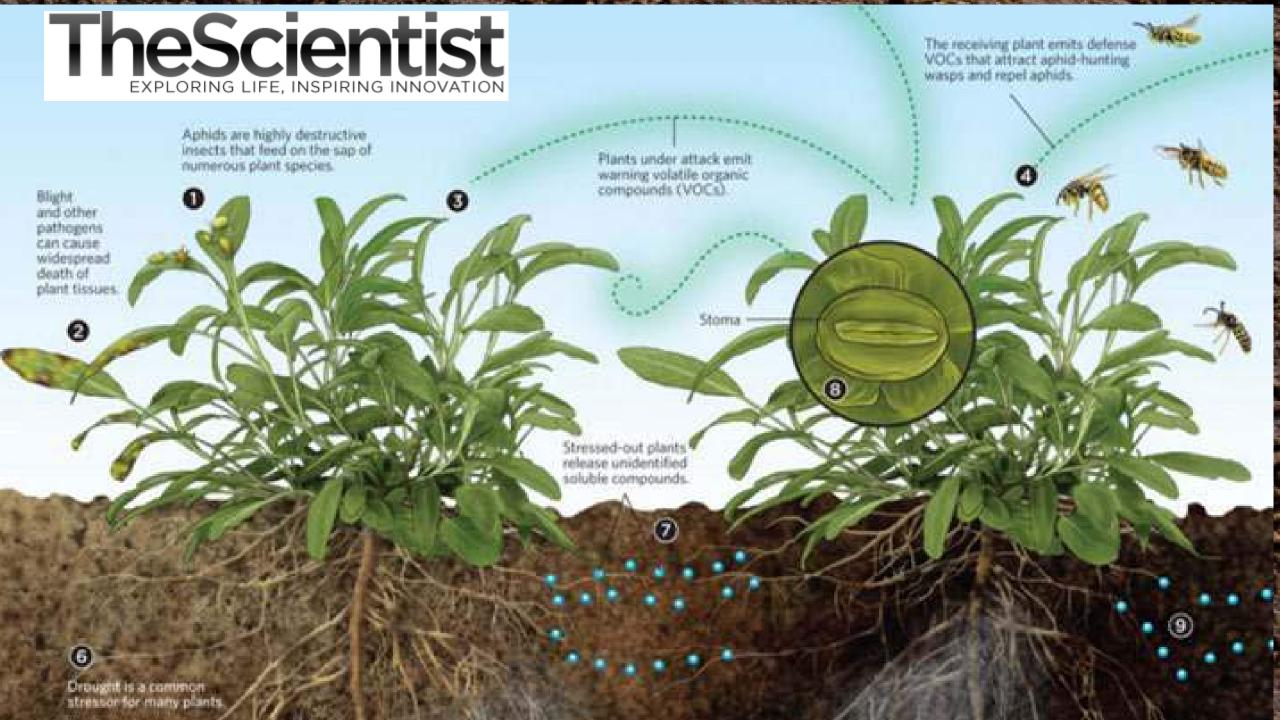
# Communication Infrastructure

Mycorrhizal networks interconnect root systems and allow plants to communicate threats through chemical signaling

Watch out mate, aphids are about!

When aphids infect the plant on the left a signal travels to through the mycorrhizal network warning other (uninfected) plants that aphids are nearby. This induces defence responses that include the production of methyl salicylate, which repels the aphids and attracts the parasitoid wasp (an aphid predator).

Mycorrhizal fungus



The plant/soil economy needs protected from:

- Water (too much or too little)
- Wind
- -Heat
- -Cold
- -Compaction
- -Weeds
- —Insects
- –Diseases



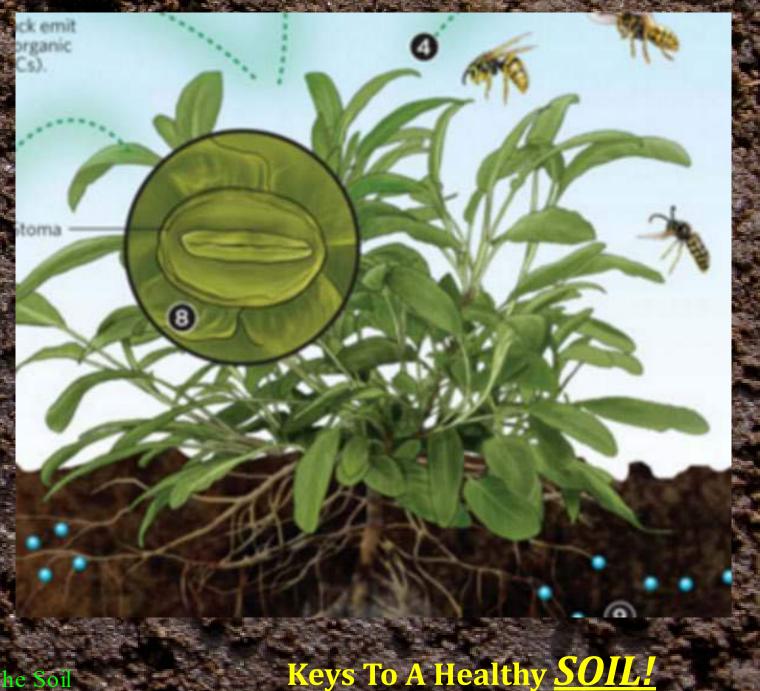
The first line of defense is soil armor (cover)

Almost all advantages of the No-tillage system come from the permanent cover of the soil, and only few from not tilling the soil.

We should always aim at full soll cover.

Rolf Derpsch

The second line of defense is plant signaling - plants signaling each other and signaling insects and soil organisms to assist in defense



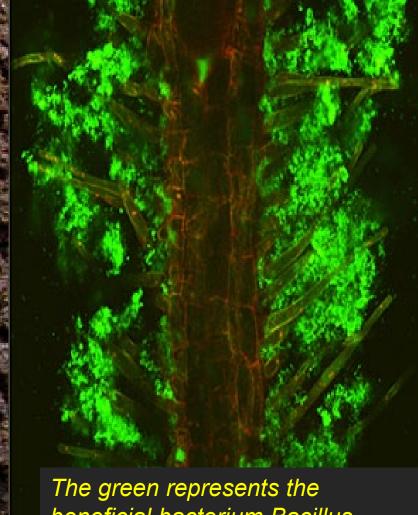


This Rock Cress plant infected with the pathogen Pseudomonas syringae shows typical yellowing and disease symptoms. Photo by Thimmaraju Rudrappa



This plant's roots were treated with the beneficial bacterium Bacillus subtilis. Photo by Thimmaraju Rudrappa





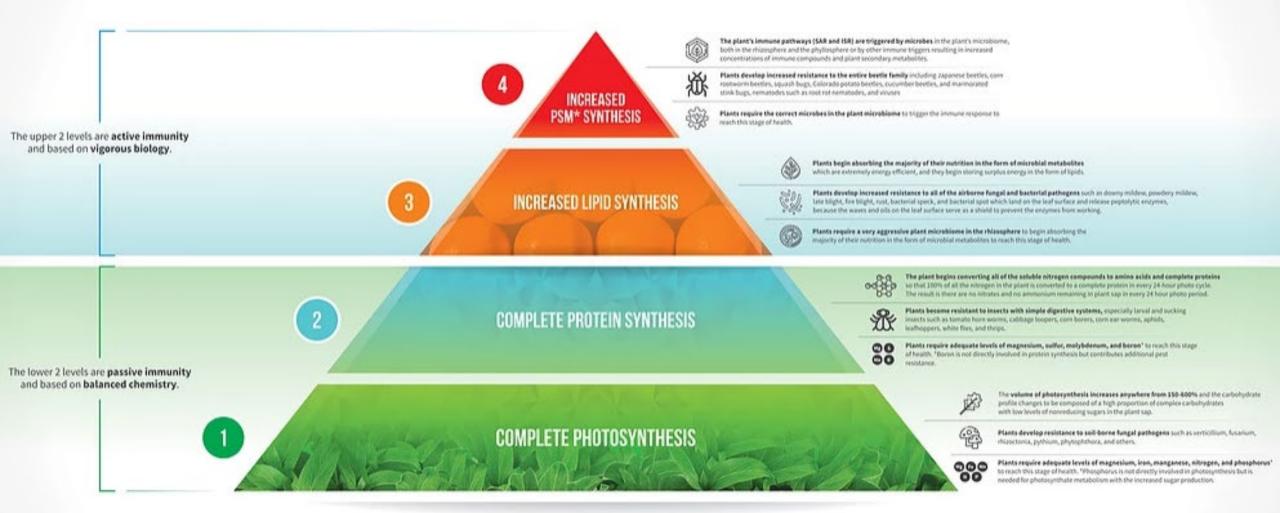
The green represents the beneficial bacterium Bacillus subtilis, which has formed a biofilm on the Rock Cress root surface. Photo by Thimmaraju Rudrappa

**Keys To A Healthy SOIL!** 

The third line of defense is healthy plants producing complex compounds which give natural resistance



### PLANT HEALTH PYRAMID

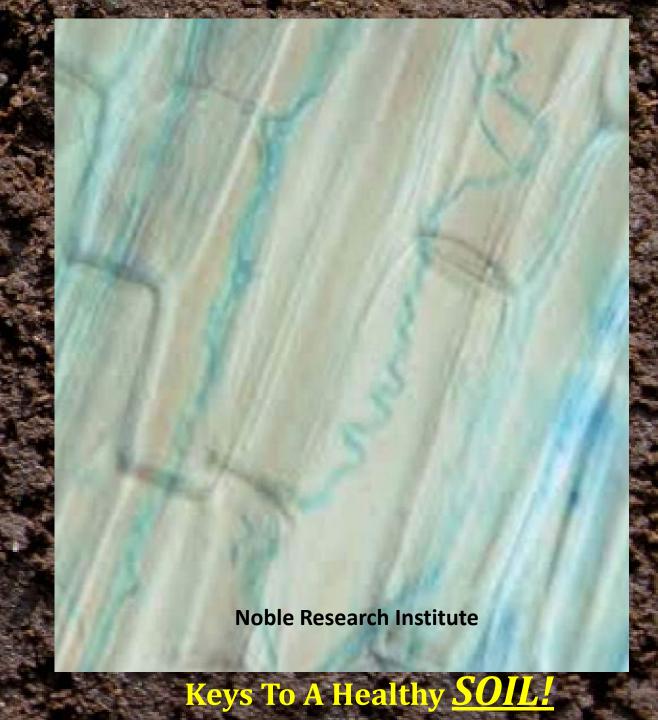


"Healthy plants can become completely resistant to diseases and insects."

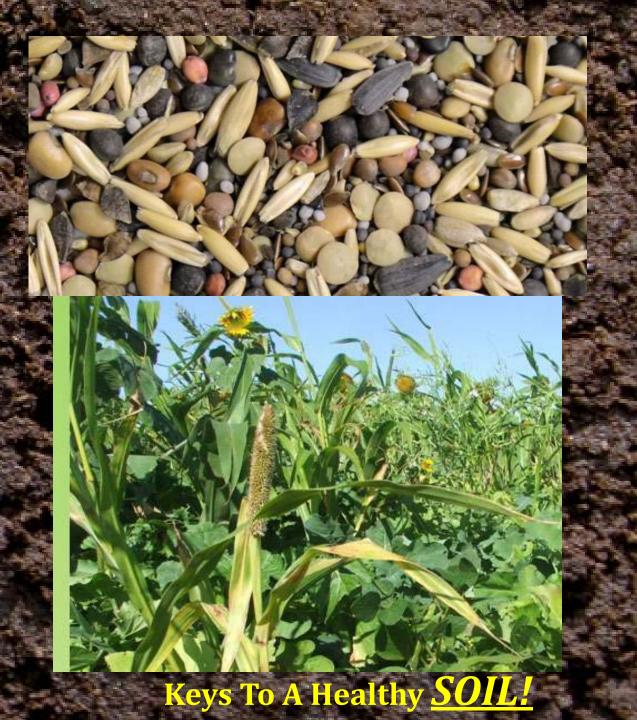
- John Kempf -



The fourth line of defense is symbiotic relationships between plants and organisms such as endophyte fungus



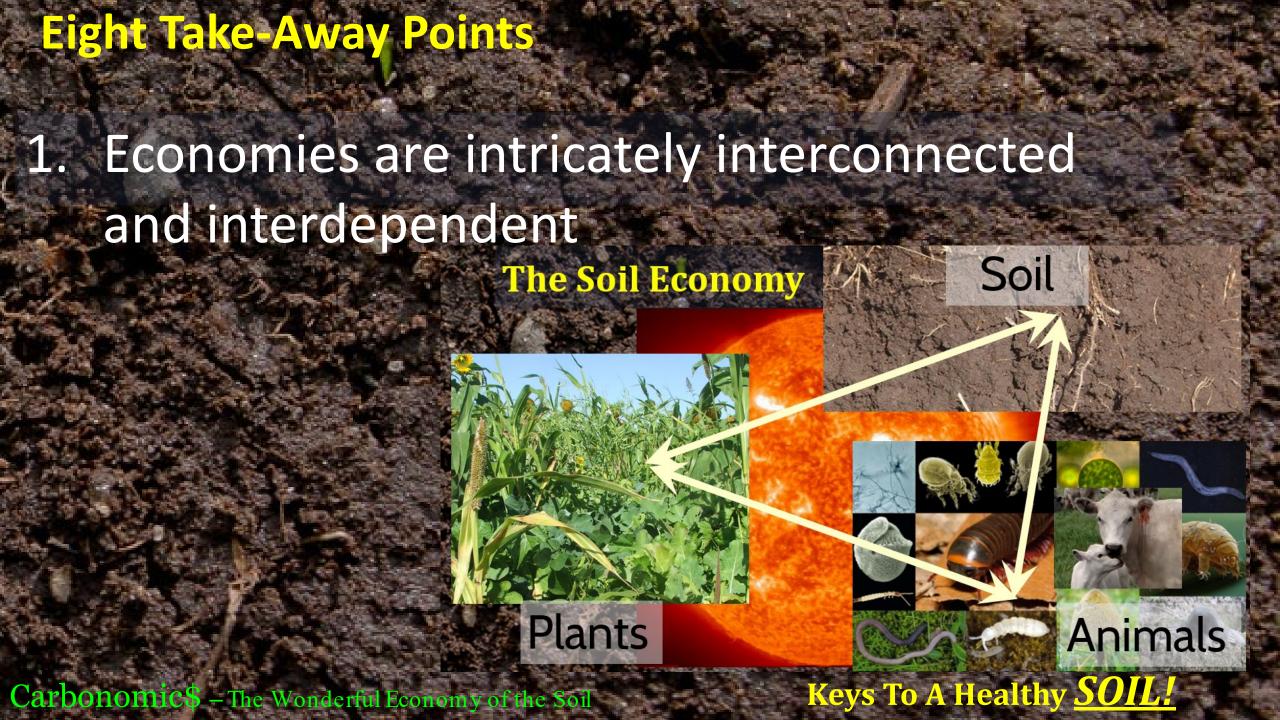
- The fifth line of defense is Diversity of plants, roots, types, seasons, insects, biota
- Most attackers will focus on only one or two things



# Keys To A Healthy SOIL!

- Supply (Producers/Sellers)
- Demand (Consumers/Buyers)
- Currency
- Capital
- Energy and Resources
  - Infrastructure
  - Defense and Protection

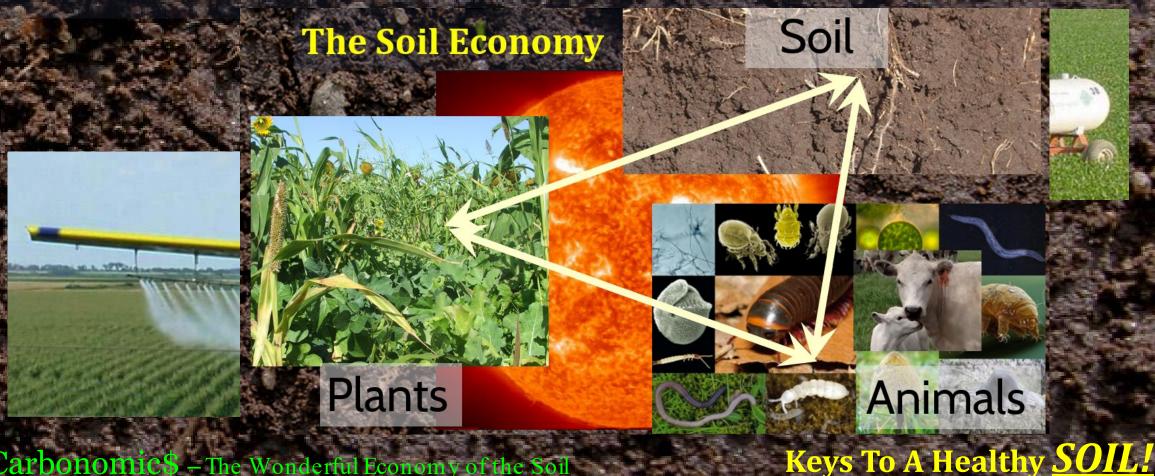


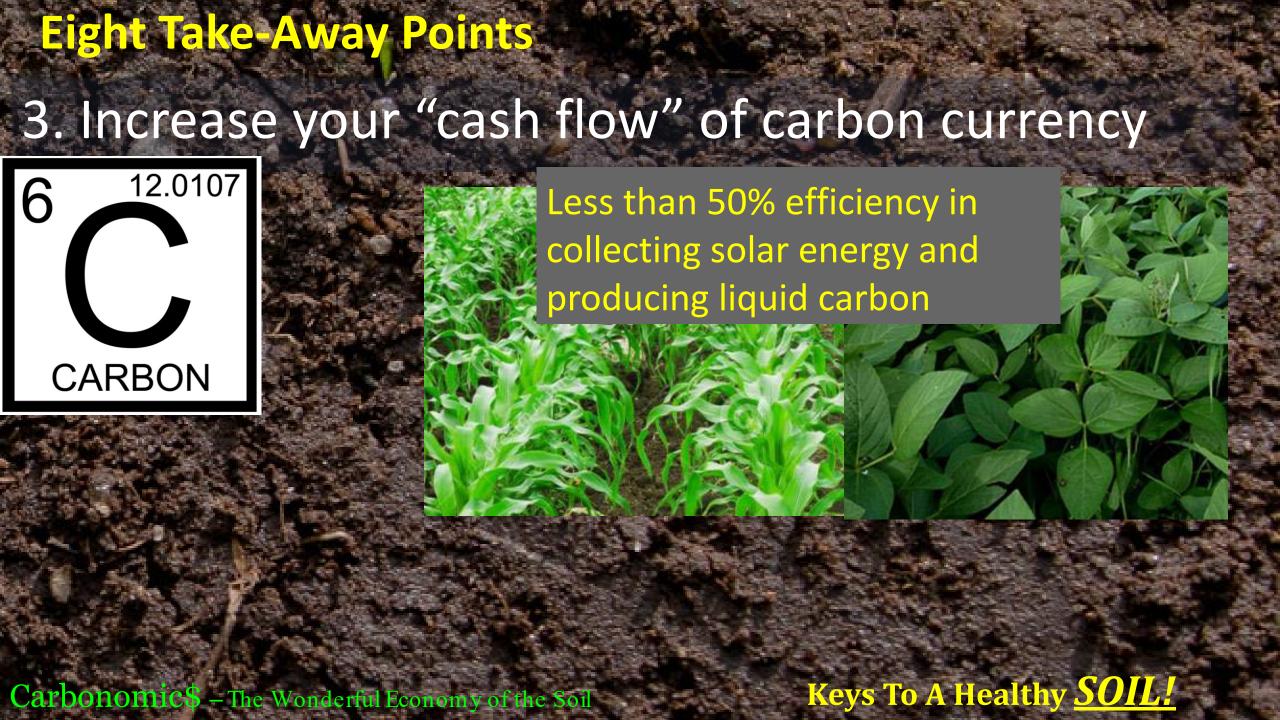


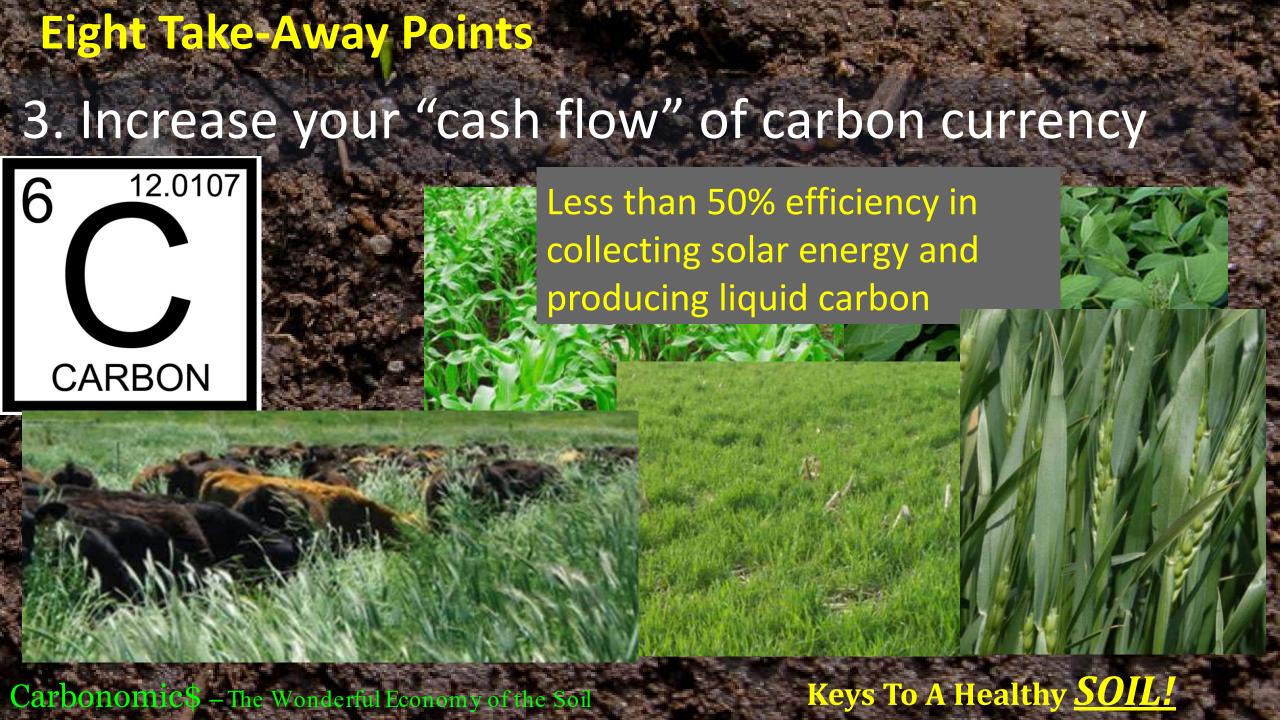
2. Reduce the amount of welfare you are giving your economy - get everyone working!



2. Reduce the amount of welfare you are giving your economy - get everyone working!







4. Make capital investments of long term carbon (organic matter) and don't sell off investments





4. Make capital investments of long term carbon (organic matter) and don't sell off investments



- 5. Take advantage of free tiny workers
- Manufacturing
- Mining
- Transportation
- Communication
- Protection



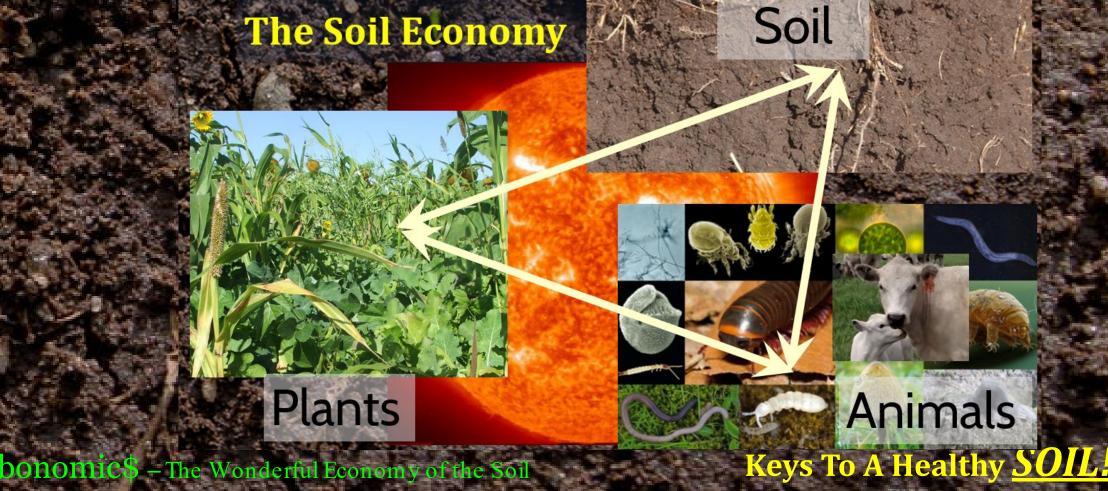
# **Eight Take-Away Points** 6. Build and do not destroy infrastructure - you will really see your economy grow! **Keys To A Healthy SOIL!** Carbonomics - The Wonderful Economy of the Soil

6. Build and do not destroy infrastructure - you will really see your economy grow!



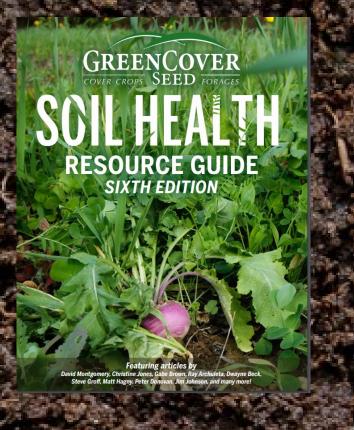
# **Eight Take-Away Points** 7. Protect your economy with soil armor Keys To A Healthy S Carbonomics - The Wonderful Economy of the Soil

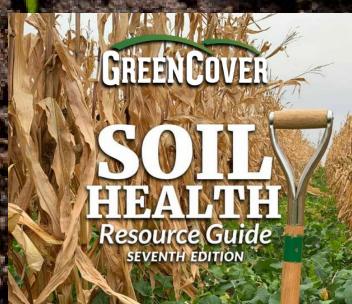
8. Diversity is so very important for a healthy economy - plants, roots, and soil animals











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keith@greencoverseed.com

