The Sugar River: Farmer-Led Stewardship Drives Progress

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Strong Farms Local Solutions Healthy Soils Healthy Waters

Overview

- 760 sq miles (@ stateline)
- Driftless area ridge/valley
- Karst
- Impaired surface watersTSS & Phosphorous
- Groundwater nitrates
- Agriculture >80% since mid 1800's
 - Dairy
 - Grain, ethanol



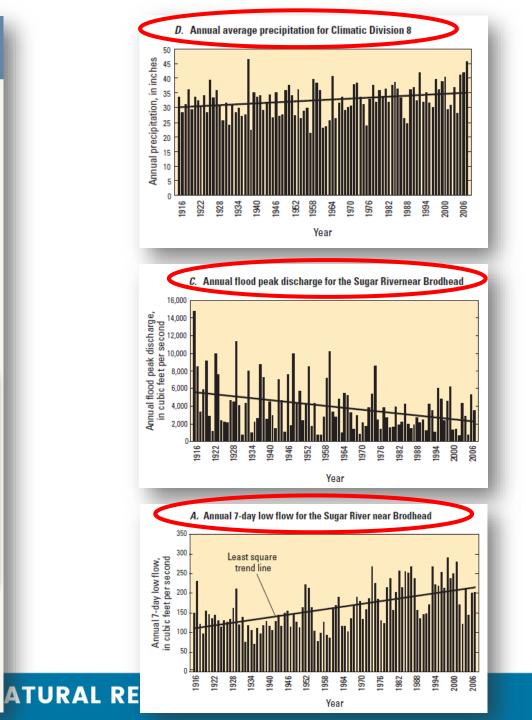


Changes in Streamflow Characteristics in Wisconsin as Related to Precipitation and Land Use



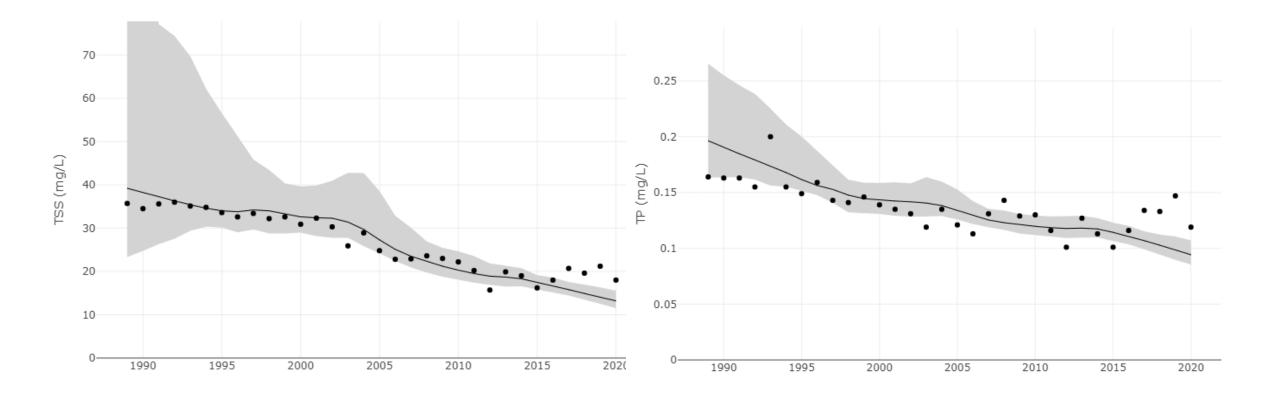
Scientific Investigations Report 2015–5140 Version 1.1 January 2016

U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey



Sugar River Sediment and Phosphorus

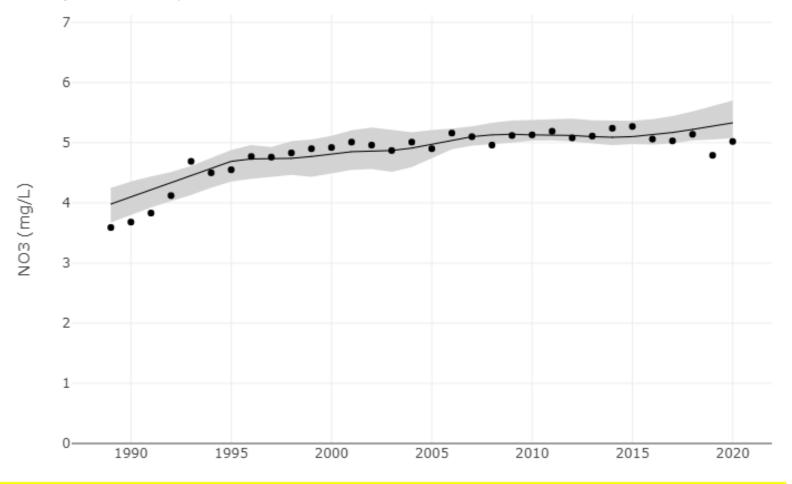
(at Brodhead, 530 square miles)



(points are flow-based estimates – grey bars are 75% intervals on observed data)

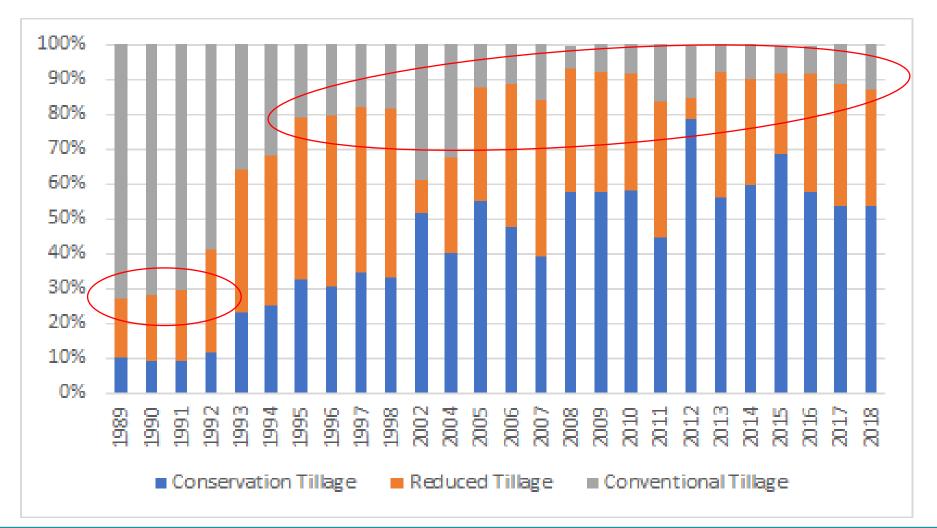
Sugar River Nitrates

(at Brodhead, 530 square miles)



(points are flow-based estimates – grey bars are 75% intervals on observed data)

Green County Tillage Trends – Low Disturbance



Soil Protection – Cover Crops

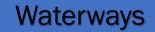
Soil Protection – Cover Crops



Manure Management with Cover Crops



River Corridor and Waterways



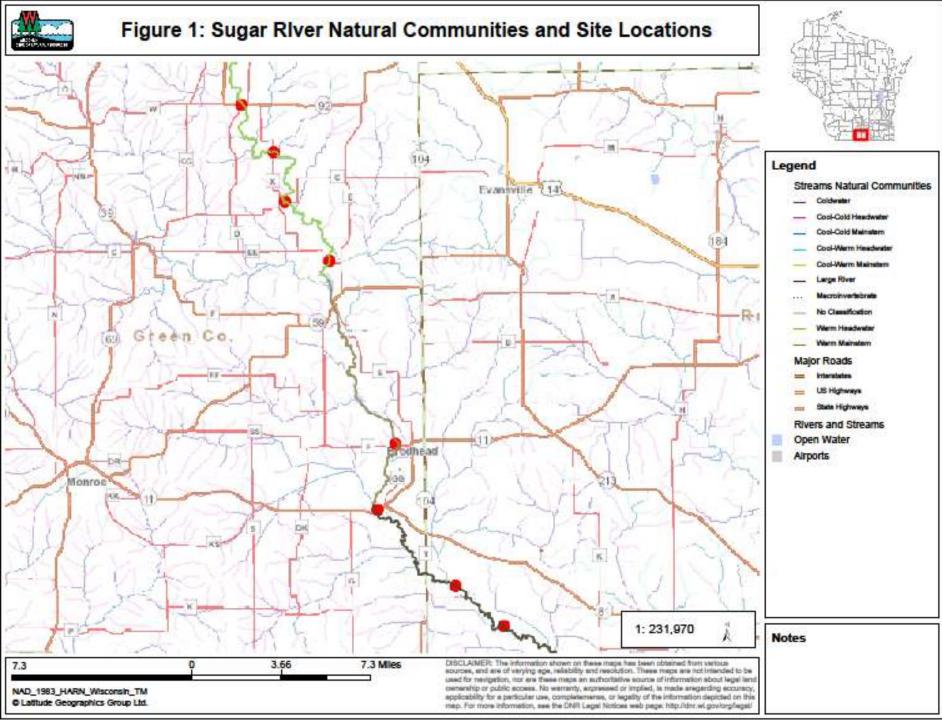
River Corridor

2445

Stream Bank Restoration

Health of the Sugar River

Camille Bruhn Farmers of the Sugar River Annual Meeting February 21, 2023



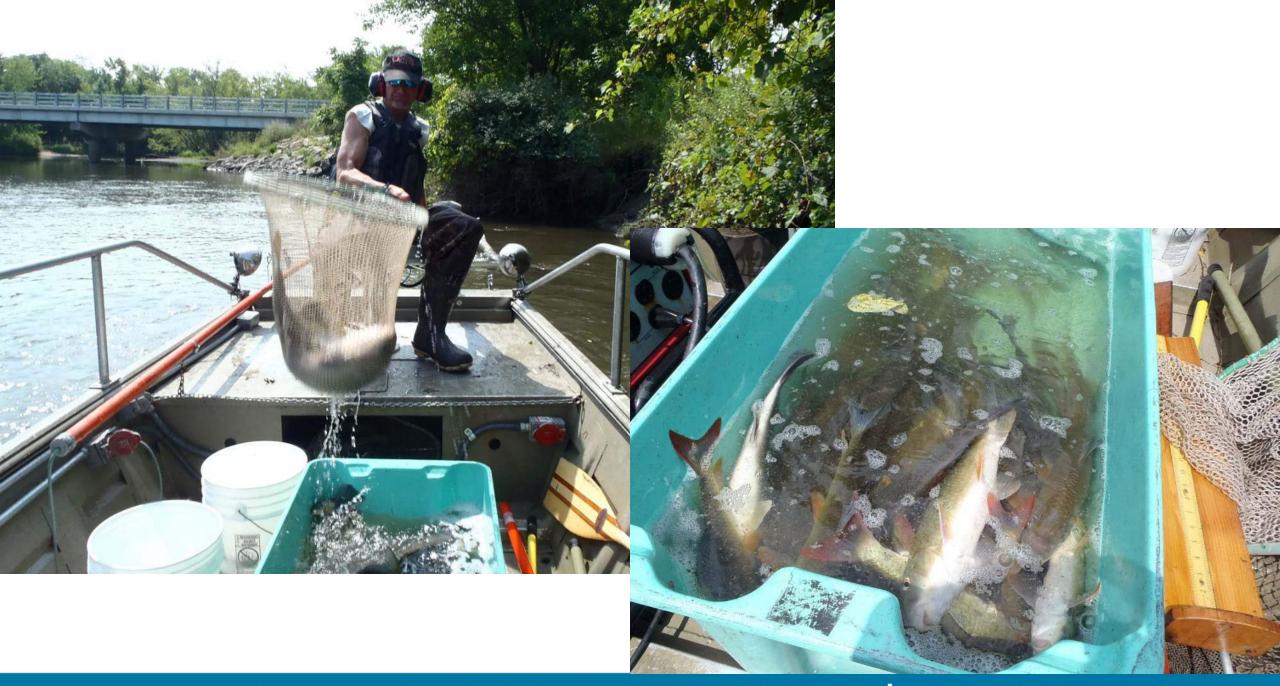
2014 Survey of the Sugar **River** Mainstem - Green and Rock **Counties**

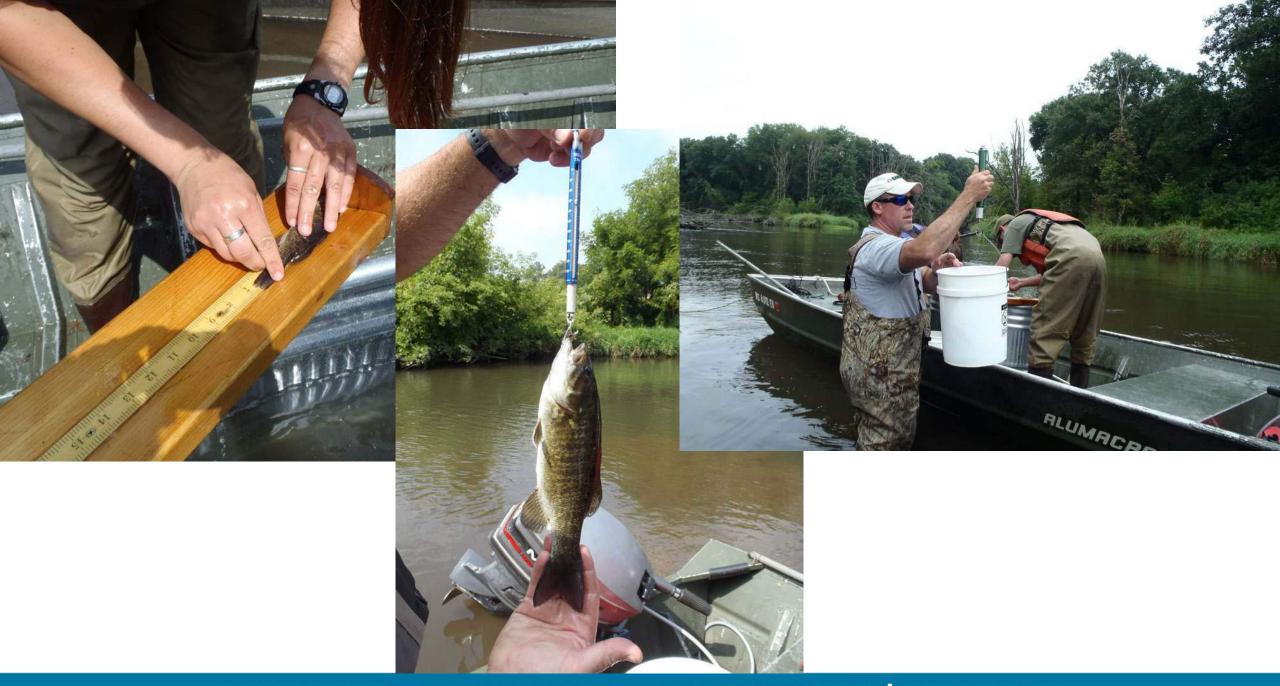
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John Lyons

6 Intolerant Species



Large River IBI

Laige	LIVEI	Site						
							Beloit-	
Metric	STH 92	СТНХ	CTHC	CTH EE	CTH F	STH 81/11	Newark Rd	Nelson Rd
WPUE	87,226 <mark>(10)</mark>	47,411 <mark>(10)</mark>	71,445 <mark>(10)</mark>	59,305 <mark>(10)</mark>	96,886 <mark>(10)</mark>	96,239 <mark>(10)</mark>	52,320 <mark>(10)</mark>	87,371 <mark>(10)</mark>
Native spp	10 (O)	12 <mark>(5)</mark>	9 <mark>(0)</mark>	11 (O)	19 (10)	18 <mark>(10)</mark>	16 <mark>(10)</mark>	15 <mark>(5)</mark>
Suckerspp	6 (10)	7 (10)	6 (10)	8 (10)	7 (10)	6 (10)	7 (10)	7 (10)
Intolerant spp	2 (5)	2 (5)	2 (5)	3 (10)	2 (5)	5 (10)	3 (10)	3 (10)
Riverine spp	6 <mark>(5)</mark>	8 (10)	7 (10)	7 (10)	7 (10)	7 (10)	7 (10)	8 (10)
% Riverine (n)	81 (10)	84 (10)	90 (10)	85 (10)	68 (10)	68 (10)	62 (10)	76 <mark>(10)</mark>
% Lithophils (n)	82 (10)	89 (10)	92 (10)	80 (10)	58 (10)	62 (10)	49 (10)	56 <mark>(10)</mark>
% Insectivore (wt)	68 (10)	76 (10)	81 <mark>(10)</mark>	78 <mark>(10)</mark>	54 (10)	60 (10)	54 (10)	86 <mark>(10)</mark>
% Round suckers (wt)	68 (10)	72 (10)	80 (10)	72 (10)	36 (10)	41 (10)	36 (10)	50 (10)
% DELT	0 (10)	0 (10)	0 (10)	0 (10)	0 (10)	0 (10)	0 (10)	0 (10)
Total	80	90	85	90	95	100	100	95
		Metric scores: 0 = Poor; 5 = Fair; 10 = Good						
		Overall Score: 0-20 = Very Poor; 21-39 = Poor; 40-59 = Fair; 60-79= Good; >80 = Excellent						

Wood is Good!



- Rip-rap benefits the aquatic community
- Shoreline stabilization opportunities

Mussels- Good Ecological Indicators

- Buckhorn (2012)
- Creeper (1976)
- Deertoe (2021)
- Elktoe (1976)
- Fatmucket (1989)
- Fragile Papershell (2012)
- Giant Floater (2021)





Mussels- Good Ecological Indicators

- Lilliput (2021)
- Mucket (2012)
- Pimpleback (2021)
- Plain Pocketbook (2012)
- Threeridge (1976)
- Wabash Pigtoe (2021)

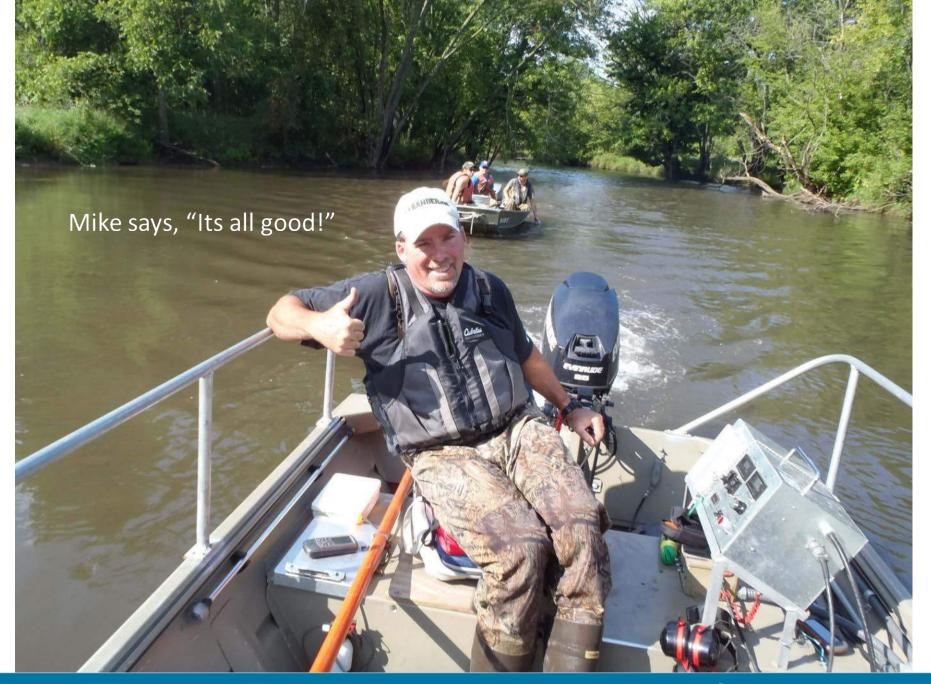


Conclusions

- Mainstem Sugar Riverexcellent quality represented by the fishery
- Dams likely impact fish US movement
- WDNR 2023 repeat surveys except Nelson Rd

• SOIL HEALTH = RIVER HEALTH





CONNECT WITH US

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