

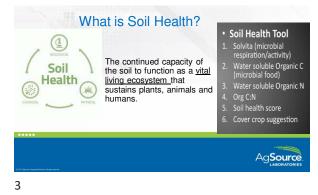
# Chemical: Traditional Soil Testing

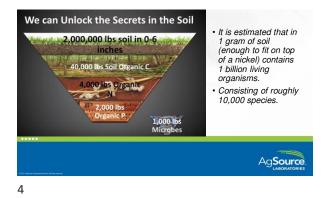
- · Reports available nutrient levels
  - PrimarySecondary
  - Secondary
    Micro's

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- Other- Salts, Nitrate, CEC, base saturation, soil texture, pH/ buffer pH
- Monitor nutrient trends (history of a field)
  Provide lime & fertilizer recommendation
- · Long history and research of this in ag







### Traits of a Healthy Soil: In Field

- Smell: Rich, earthy smell is produced by certain types bacteria as they decompose OM.
- · Feel: soft, crumbly
- Sight: deep top soil layer, no signs or erosion, crusting, salts,
- Sight: earthworms, other larger soil organisms
  Sight: white filament network are signs of fungi
- Sight: deep abundant roots, no abrupt bends, many small root hairs.



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# Soil food webs are based on 3 primary carbon (C) sources:

- 1. Root exudates/verticillium
- · 2. Litter or crop residue
- · 3. Soil organic matter (SOM)
- These C sources vary in their availability and accessibility to soil organisms, and can thus, increase the C flow and biodiversity within the food web.

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## Trying to test what?

- Billions of organisms carrying out countless biological transformations and cycles.
- Its not just NPK think C-NPK. Carbon is the food source Most soils have less than 6% OM but this controls over 90% of soil functions
   Found in the top 6 inches

- Biological activity enhances water retention, soil absorbency structure and aeration. Increasing the soil organic matter by 1% increases the retention of available water by one acre inch, or up to 10% of the soil's water holding capacity.

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Each 1 % of 0.M. contains:

10,000 lbs. of C

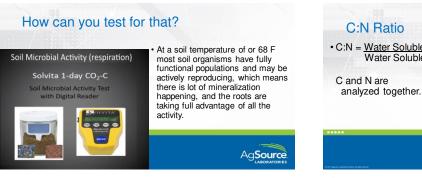
1000 lbs. of N

100 lbs. of P

100 lbs. of S

.3"-1" of H20

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# Testing?

- · Pull like a normal soil sample. · Might want to gps the location to go back to same spot. Composite??
- Value of pulling several during growing season or pull same time for next sample.
- NRCS conservation programs · Compare a field to field edge
- virgin soil and then make a management practice change · Farmer led watershed groups
- · Cover crop field test plots
- · Company microbial test plots

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## Soil Health Test Options

A soil health test provides a reference point to use in gauging the current quality of your soil and the impact of any steps that are taken to improve that quality.

1. Soil Health Score- Range 0-50 (Goal 20 or higher)

2. Solvita CO2 Respiration -Microbial action 24 hrs, goal over 60 3. C:N Ratio – goal balance of the two, 8-17 For 3-5% OM soil C:N ratio of 10 or 12 is desired.

4. Recommendation -%'s of cover crop, legumes

| Field Id: 7-0                     |       |                       | 10 Days  | c *35  |   |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|----------|--|---|
|                                   | \$0   | IL HEALT              | HANALYS  | s;   |   |
| Soil Health<br>Score              | 12.30 | 1.00                  | l factor |  |   |
| Bolvita CDJ<br>Respiration<br>ppm | 76.50 | -                     | 200      |  | - |
| C.N Ratio                         | 9.00  | Les<br>Caracteristics | -        |  |   |
|                                   |       |                       | COMMENDA | and and a second se |   |

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| Complete  | Field Id: 7-S                                      | AND S | imple Id: | COMPLET            | TE TE  |  |
|---|--|-------|-----------|--------------------|--------|--|
|   | SOIL HEALTH ANALYSIS                               |       |           |                    |        |  |
| Includes basic and routine tests -\$45  | Sol Health<br>Score                                | 8.60  | -         | Lasters            |        |  |
| <ul> <li>Haney Extract (H3A)</li> <li>Looks at concentration and forms of nutrients present at roots it mimics root uptake.</li> </ul>  | Solvita CO2<br>Respiration<br>pairs                | 35.90 | 1.00      | Ballafactory       |        |  |
| Orthophosphate P- goal 10-20ppm     Phosphorus-15-25  | C.N Ratio  | 9.10  | 1.00      | Real Property lies | -      |  |
| Potassium 40-60   | COVER CROP RECOMMENDATION                          |       |           |                    |        |  |
| <ul> <li>Iron, AI (varies)</li> <li>AI:Fe Ratio greater than 5</li> </ul>   | WATER SOLUBLE                                      |       |           | HIA EXTRACTION     |        |  |
| <ul> <li>P:Ca Ratio greater than 3</li> </ul>   | Carton   |       | 105.06    | Orthophosphate P   | 28.50  |  |
| <ul> <li>Ca:(Al +Fe) ratio greater than 200</li> </ul>  | Satal Nitrogen                                     |       | 11.61     | Phosphorus         | 34.30  |  |
| In general, a higher score means a more healthy   |  |       | 2.40      | Potassium          | 46.70  |  |
| In general, a higher score means a more healthy<br>soil & improving the score over time indicates that<br>soil management and crop management practices<br>are benefiting the soil and improving soil health. | Ammoniacal-N                                       |       | 0.78      | Calcium            | 120.40 |  |
| are benefiting the soil and improving soil health.  |  | 140   | 3.53      | 53 Pres 68.4       |        |  |
|   | Seturation %<br>Mineralizable N<br>Mineralizable P |       | 25.00     | Aluminum           | 169.70 |  |
|   |  |       |           | P SNIFE Ratio      | 11.97  |  |
|   |  |       | 11.01     | P.Ca Ratio         | 23.67  |  |
|   |  |       | 11,01     | Ca (Al-Fe) Ratio   | 50.57  |  |

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# Soil Health Test Options

Basic soil health test 1.

Basic soil health test Water Soluble Extraction-evaluated forms of nutrients most easily used by plants & soil organisms - Carbon-goal 15:0300 - Total N-goal 25:60 both C and N highest amounts and regulate soil life activity. - Nitrate N-goal 10:30 - Ammoniacal N-goal - 0:30 - Ammoniacal N-goal - 0:30 - Ammoniacal N-goal - 0:30 - Mater Saturation %-amt of water held by soil/OM, goal 35:60 % - Solvita-estimates potential release from OM of mineralizable N & P



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## Soil Health Assessment

· Testing provides objective measure of soil quality · Establishes a framework for improvement

"You can't manage what you don't measure."

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### **Current Limitations?**

- Requires long-term investment in changes to soil.
- · Short history of testing/research on a large scale, more research needed to determine yield advantages, management practices changes.
- · varies on soil type, throughout the year, soil close to root vs just 6 in away in the row). · Lack of association between soil health metrics and yield in all plant needs are being met.
- · One magic soil health number is unlikely. Results are specific to field history, crop type and genetics, soil type, environment, management, time .....
- · Work continues and soil health tests will evolve.

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| Tend to Reduce Soil Health          | Tend to Promote Soil Health           |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Aggressive tillage                  | No-till or conservation tillage       |
| Annual/seasonal fallow              | Cover crops; Relay crops              |
| Mono-cropping                       | Diverse crop rotations                |
| Annual crops                        | Perennial crops                       |
| Excessive inorganic fertilizer use  | Organic fertilizer use (manures)      |
| Excessive crop residue removal      | Crop residue retention                |
| Broad spectrum fumigants/pesticides | Integrated pest management            |
| Broad spectrum herbicides           | Weed control by mulching, cultivation |

Questions?





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